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Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$
The Circumcenter - Fascinating!
Today we will investigate our $4^{\text {th }}$ and final type of center of a triangle. The circumcenter! Remember:

## Definition: A point of concurrency is the point where three or more lines intersect.

The circumcenter is the point of concurrent perpendicular bisectors. Recall what a perpendicular bisector looks like. Also, recall that we know how to construct a perpendicular bisector given any line segment. It is crucial to remember that a perpendicular bisector creates a perpendicular to the given line segment and it cuts that same line segment in half (bisect). Construct a perpendicular bisector on the line segment below:

1. Now! Locate the circumcenter through construction for the triangle below. Reference the image for assistance.


As you can see: The perpendicular bisectors of the sides of a triangle are concurrent (they intersect in one common point). The point of concurrency of the perpendicular bisectors of the sides is called the circumcenter of the triangle. The point of concurrency is not necessarily inside the triangle. It may actually be in the triangle, on the triangle, or outside of the triangle.

Notice that the perpendicular bisectors of the sides of the triangles do not necessarily pass through the vertices of the triangles.
2. Locate each circumcenter through construction on the below triangles (use the pictures for help):


Question! Do you notice anything about the circles that have been constructed on the images to the right?

