

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Sequences Day 2: Modeling Sequences!

Do Now:

During halftime at a football game, a high school marching band marches onto the field to perform a routine. There is one performer in the first row, four performers in the second row, and seven performers in the third row. This pattern continues for  $n$  rows.



(a) Create a sequence that represents the number of performers in each row.

$$\underline{1}, \underline{4}, \underline{7}, \underline{10}, \dots$$

(b) Write an equation that can be used to find the number of performers in the  $n$ th row.

$$a_n = 1 + 3(n - 1)$$

(c) How many performers are in the 6th row?

$$a_6 = 1 + 3(6 - 1)$$

$$a_6 = 1 + 3(5) = \boxed{16}$$

Problem Solving and Arithmetic Explicit Formulas

1) The first row of a theater has 15 seats in it. Each subsequent row has 4 more seats than the previous row.

(a) Write an equation that can be used to find the number of seats in the  $n$ th row.

$$a_1 = 15 \quad d = 4 \quad a_n = a_1 + d(n - 1)$$

$$\boxed{a_n = 15 + 4(n - 1)}$$

(b) Find the number of seats in the fifth row.

$$a_5 = 15 + 4(5 - 1)$$

$$= 15 + 4(4)$$

$$= 15 + 16 = 31$$

$$\boxed{a_5 = 31} \leftarrow \text{seats}$$

(c) If the last row has 83 seats, how many rows are in the theater?

$$a_n = 15 + 4(n - 1)$$

$$83 = 15 + 4(n - 1)$$

$$83 = 15 + 4n - 4$$

$$83 = 11 + 4n$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ -11 \\ \hline 72 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4n \\ -4 \\ \hline 72 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{72}{4} = \frac{4n}{4}$$

$$\boxed{n = 18}$$

$$a_n = 15 + 4(n - 1)$$

$$a_{18} = 15 + 4(18 - 1)$$

$$a_{18} = 83 \quad \checkmark$$

18 rows

2) The height (in feet) of the water in a tank each hour after opening its drain can be estimated by the sequence displayed in the table below.

x	Hours (n)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
y	Water Height (a <sub>n</sub> )	18	15	12	9			

(a) Write an explicit formula that represents the arithmetic sequence.

$$a_1 = 18 \quad a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$$

$$d = -3 \quad a_n = 18 - 3(n-1)$$

(b) Find the seventh term. What does this value represent in the context of the situation?

$$a_7 = 18 - 3(7-1)$$

$$a_7 = 18 - 3(6)$$

$$a_7 = 18 - 18 \quad a_7 = 0 \leftarrow$$

The tank is empty.

(c) Would the eighth term apply in this situation? Explain.

No, we can't have a negative amount of water.

(d) Simplify the explicit formula from part (a). Compare and contrast both formulas.

subscript notation } a<sub>n</sub>  
function notation →

Simplify in the space below	Original Formula	Simplified Formula
$a(n) = 18 - 3(n-1)$ $a(n) = 18 - 3n + 3$ $a(n) = 21 - 3n$	$a(n) = 18 - 3(n-1)$	$a(n) = 21 - 3n$
<p>comparison (same)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• still have -3 (common diff) or change</li> <li>• still have n</li> </ul> <p>contrast</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• starting point is different</li> </ul>		

(e) What was the height of the water in the tank before the drain was opened?

21 ft

3) Caitlin is given a Starbucks card worth \$50. After she purchases a latte, the card's value is \$45.50. After she purchases a second latte, its value is \$41.

(a) Assuming the pattern continues, write an equation  $A(n)$ , the amount of money on the Starbucks card after  $n$  lattes are purchased. Complete the table below to help you.

# of lattes ←	$n$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
\$ left on card ←	$A(n)$	45.50	41	36.50	32	27.50	23	18.50

$$A(n) = A(1) + d(n-1)$$

$$A(n) = 45.50 - 4.50(n-1)$$

$$A(n) = 45.50 - 4.50n + 4.50$$

$$A(n) = 50.00 - 4.50n$$

simplify

(b) Caitlin buys a latte every Sunday. How many weeks in a row can she afford to buy a latte, using her Starbucks card only?

This represents  
No money left

$$0 = 50 - 4.50n$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -50 \\ \hline -50 = -4.50n \\ \hline -4.50 \quad -4.50 \\ \hline n = 11.\bar{1} \end{array}$$

we are going to solve for  $n$

11 weeks

CONCLUSION!

Arithmetic sequences represent linear relationships. These sequences can be defined using the formula  $a(n) = a(1) + d(n-1)$ . In the formula,  $a_1$  represents the first term and  $d$  represents the common difference. These sequences can also be defined using the linear function rule  $a_n = mn + b$  where  $m$  represents the common difference and  $b$  represents the term before the first.

Homework!

- 1)
  - a) Write an equation for the  $n$ th term of the arithmetic sequence. -7, -8.5, -10, -11.5, ...
  - b) Using your formula, find  $a_{12}$ .
  
- 2) The first row of a dominos display has 10 dominos. Each row after the first has two more dominos than the row before it.
  - a) Write the first five terms of the sequence that represents the number of dominos in each row.
  
  - b) Write an equation that can be used to find the number of dominos in the  $n$ th row.
  
  - c) Find the number of dominos in the 15<sup>th</sup> row.
  
  - d) What row has 60 dominos in it?

- 3) During a science experiment, the temperature of a liquid substance increased  $2^{\circ}\text{F}$  every hour. After the first hour, the temperature was  $56^{\circ}\text{F}$ . Carry and Carl each wrote an equation that can be used to find the temperature of the substance after the  $n$ th hour.

Carry's Equation

$$a_n = 56 + 2(n - 1)$$

Carl's Equation

$$a_n = 2n + 54$$

- (a) Are the equations equivalent? Justify your response.
- (b) What does 56 represent in Carry's equation?
- (c) What does 54 represent in Carl's equation?
- (d) What does the coefficient 2 represent in both equations?