

Name: _____

Date: _____

Recursive Sequences Day 2

Do Now:

Determine if the sequence below is arithmetic or geometric. For each sequence write an explicit rule that can be used to find the n th term of the sequence.

a) 4, 7, 10, 13, ...

ARITHMETIC

☆ $a_n = 4 + 3(n-1)$

b) 1, 3, 9, 27, ...

GEOMETRIC

$a_n = 1 \cdot (3)^{n-1}$

Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences can be defined Recursively and Explicitly

Let's take a closer look at the sequences from the Do Now.

Can the sequence 4, 7, 10, 13, ... be defined with a recursive rule?

① $a_n = a_{n-1} + 3$

② $a_1 = 4$

Can the sequence 1, 3, 9, 27, ... be defined with a recursive rule?

① $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3$

② $a_1 = 1$

Writing Rules to Generate Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences

Arithmetic	Geometric
<p>Explicit Rule: $a_n = a_1 + d(n - 1)$ a_1 represents the first term in the sequence d represents the common difference</p> <p>This formula is used to find the nth term of the sequence.</p>	<p>Explicit Rule: $a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$ a_1 represents the first term in the sequence r represents the common ratio</p> <p>This formula is used to find the nth term of the sequence.</p>
<p>Recursive Rule: $a_n = a_{n-1} + d$; $a_1 =$ a_{n-1} represents the previous term in the sequence d represents the common difference</p> <p>This formula uses the previous term to find the next term in the sequence.</p>	<p>Recursive Rule: $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot r$; $a_1 =$ a_{n-1} represents the previous term in the sequence r represents the common ratio</p> <p>This formula uses the previous term to find the next term in the sequence.</p>

Write a recursive formula for the following sequences.

GEOMETRIC

1) 100, 96, 92, ... **ARITHMETIC**
 $a_1 = 100$
 $a_n = a_{n-1} - 4$

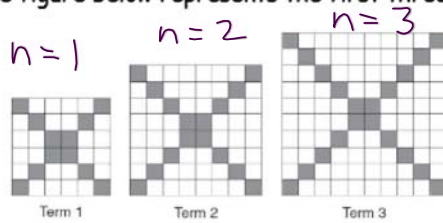
2) 200, 40, 8, ... $r = \frac{1}{5}$
 $a_1 = 200$
 $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{5}$
 $a_n = a_{n-1} \div 5$

Find the first 3 terms in each sequence below.

3) $a_n = a_{n-1} - 0.25$ and $a_1 = 3.5$
 $\frac{3.5}{a_1}, \frac{3.25}, \frac{3}$

4) $a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 4$ and $a_1 = \frac{1}{8}$
 $\frac{.125}{a_1}, \frac{.5}, \frac{2}$
 $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 2$ **both** ✓

5) The figure below represents the first three terms of a sequence.



shaded boxes: 12, 16, 20

Which of the following rules can be used to define the sequence? Select all that apply. Justify your response.

- ✓ **A.** $a_n = a_{n-1} + 4; a_1 = 12$
Recursive Rule
- ✓ **D.** $a_n = 12 + 4(n-1)$
 $a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$
Explicit Rule

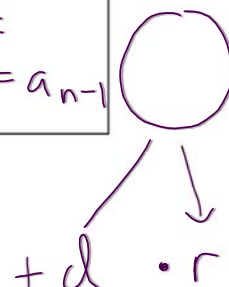
- B.** $a_n = 4n + 8$
substitute n!
 $4(1) + 8 = 12$
 $4(2) + 8 = 16 \dots$
- C.** $a_{n+1} = a_n + 4; a_1 = 12$
wat? X
- E.** $a_n = a_{n-1} + 12; a_1 = 4$
- F.** $a_n = 4 + 12(n-1)$
X
first term is 12, not 4 X

CONCLUSION!

Sequences defined **recursively** use the previous term(s) to find the next term of the sequence.

Sequences defined **explicitly** use the explicit formula to find the n th term.

① $a_1 =$
 ② $a_n = a_{n-1}$



HOMEWORK!

Given the following formulas, find the first 4 terms.

1. $t_1 = 0$
 $t_n = t_{n-1} + 6$

2. $t_1 = -4$
 $t_n = t_{n-1} + 2$

3. $t_1 = 8$
 $t_n = t_{n-1} - 4$

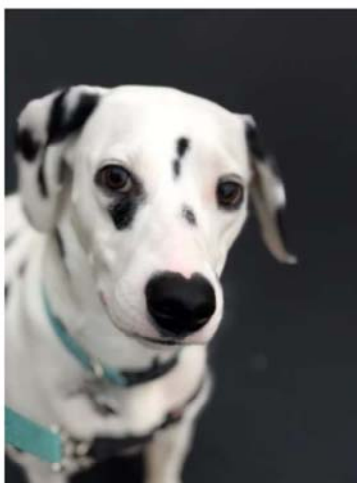
4. $t_n = 3n - 1$

Handwritten calculations for problem 4:
 $2, 5, 8, 11$
 $3(1) - 1 = 2$
 $3(2) - 1 = 5$
 $3(3) - 1 = 8$

5. $t_n = 4n + 3$

6. $t_n = -5n + 2$

There's more on the next page, but I still wanted to fill this space with something.



7. Write an explicit and recursive formula for the following sequences.

a. -4, -6, -8, -10...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____

b. 84, 71, 58, 45...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____

c. 19, 13, 7, 1...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____

d. 9, 17, 25, 33...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____

e. -3, -1, 1, 3...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____

f. 110, 88, 66, 44...

Explicit: _____

Recursive: _____