

Algebra 1 CC – Unit 1

Name: _____

Lesson 2: Properties of the Real Number System

Date: _____

The properties of the Real Number System will prove useful when working with _____, _____ and _____ in Algebra, as they allow for the creation of equivalent expressions, which will often aid in solving problems. In addition, they can be used to help _____ or _____ solutions.

Let's check out the different properties together:

SAD MATH

| | Property (a, b and c are real numbers, variables or algebraic expressions) | Examples | Verbal hints |
|-----|---|---|---|
| 1. | <u>Distributive Property</u> $a \cdot (b + c) = a \cdot b + a \cdot c$ | $1 \cdot (2+3) = 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 3$ | "multiplication distributes across addition" |
| 2. | Commutative Property of Addition $a + b = b + a$ | $1 + 2 = 2 + 1$ | "commute – to get up and move to a new location : switch places" |
| 3. | Commutative Property of Multiplication $a \cdot b = b \cdot a$ | $3 \cdot 2 = 2 \cdot 3$ | "commute – to get up and move to a new location: switch places" |
| 4. | <u>Associative Property of Addition</u> $a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$ | $2 + (6+7) = (2+6)+7$ | "regroup - elements do not physically move, they simply group with a new friend." |
| 5. | <u>Associative Property of Multiplication</u> $a \cdot (b \cdot c) = (a \cdot b) \cdot c$ | $7 \cdot (13 \cdot 17) = (7 \cdot 13) \cdot 17$ | "regroup - elements do not physically move, they simply group with a new friend." |
| 6. | <u>Additive Identity Property</u> $a + 0 = a$ | $2 + 0 = 2$ | "the value that returns the input unchanged" |
| 7. | <u>Multiplicative Identity Property</u> $a \cdot 1 = a$ | $8 \cdot 1 = 8$ | "the value that returns the input unchanged" |
| 8. | <u>Additive Inverse Property</u> $a + (-a) = 0$ | $8 + (-8) = 0$ | "the value that brings you back to the identity element under addition" |
| 9. | <u>Multiplicative Inverse Property</u> $a \cdot \left(\frac{1}{a}\right) = 1$ where $a \neq 0$ | | "the value that brings you back to the identity element under multiplication" |
| 10. | <u>Zero Property of Multiplication</u> $a \cdot 0 = 0$ | | "zero times any value is 0" |

Properties...Definitions!



1. Distributive Property _____

2. Commutative Property of Addition _____

3. Commutative Property of Multiplication _____

4. Associative Property of Addition _____

5. Associative Property of Multiplication _____

6. Additive Identity Property _____

7. Multiplicative Identity Property _____

8. Additive Inverse Property _____

9. Multiplicative Inverse Property _____

10. Zero Property of Multiplication _____